and antibodies are obtained by means of the hybridoma technique or recombinantly with the aid of antibody libraries.--

- --25. The method of claim 24 wherein derivatives coupled to carrier molecules are used as petasin derivatives for immunization.--
- --26. The method of claim 25 wherein derivatives of petasin are used for immunization where the keto group in position 8 of Formula I. was replaced by a carboxyl group and coupled to bovine serum albumin by means of EDAC.--
- --27. The method of claim 25 wherein derivatives of petasin are used for immunization where the keto group in position 8 of Formula I. was replaced by a carboxyl group and coupled to a bovine serum albumin through activated hydrazide dextran or fibrogen.--.

28 .	The method of claim 26 wherein the insert	ion of carboxyl
group is carried	out with carboxymethylhydroxyamine form	ing oxime

- --29. The method of claim 27wherein the insertion of carboxyl group is carried out with carboxymethylhydroxyamine forming oxime.--.
- --30. The method of claim 25wherein derivatives of petasin are used for immunization where the double bond in positions 11, 12 of Formula I. is bromated and coupled to bovine serum albumin by means of a Traut's reagent.--.
- --31. The method of claim 25wherein derivatives of petasin are used for immunization where angelic acid is split off and the remaining petasol is coupled to a carrier through chloroformic acid ester.--.
- --32. A process for detecting petasin or petasin in protein conjugates in physiological fluids, by anti-petasin antibodies.--.
- --33. The process of claim 32, wherein said anti-petasin antibodies do not show any cross reactivity to derivatives, structural analoges or metabolites of petasin.--.

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- 1 --34. The process of claim according to claim 32 wherein petasin, 2 petasin protein conjugates, or anti-petasin antibodies are equipped with a 3 marker.--.
- 1 --35. The process of claim 34 wherein said marker is an enzyme, 2 fluorescent dye, radio isotope, or a redoxactive compound.--.
 - --36. The process of claim 32, which comprises detecting petasin bound to antibodies by optical, electrochemical, fluorimetrical or radiochemical technique.--.
- 1 --37. The process of claim 36, wherein a color reagent is used for detecting petasin bound to antibodies.--.
 - --38. The process of claim 36, wherein said detecting is carried out chromatographically.--.
- 1 --39. The process of claim 32, wherein reactants are present in a homologous solution.--.

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- --40. The process of claim 32, wherein anti-petasin antibodies, the petasin to be detected, or the petasin protein conjugates are bound to a solid phase and washing is carried out between reaction steps.--.
 - --41. The process of claim 40 wherein anti-petasin antibodies, the petasin to be detected, or the petasin protein conjugates is adsorptively or covalently bound to a solid phase after chemical activation of the solid phase.--.
 - --42. The process of claim 40 wherein the solid phase is polystyrene.--.
- 1 --43. The process of claim 40 wherein the solid phase has a differing geometric shape.--.
 - --44. The process of claim 43 wherein said geometric shape is that of a microtitration plate, a tube, in a spherical or plane shape.--.
- --45. A test kit for detecting petasin in physiological fluids which
 comprises anti-petasin antibodies, a solid phase, a washing solution, a
 dilution buffer, and enzyme marked petasin.--.